

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/629,472	07/29/2003	Hideyuki Suzuki	4041K-000142	7304		
27572	7590 07/06/2005		EXAMINER			
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C.			TRAN	TRAN, LEN		
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
DESOMI IE			1725	1725		
			DATE MAILED: 07/06/200	DATE MAILED: 07/06/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	-	Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/629	,472	SUZUKI ET AL.				
		Examir	ner	Art Unit				
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Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic r Reply	auon appears on	the cover sheet with the (	correspondence address	-			
THE N - Exter after: - If the - If NO - Failur Any n	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC usions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for re	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nication. days, a reply within the story period will apply and ll, by statute, cause the statute.	event, however, may a reply be tile statutory minimum of thirty (30) day d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. It the mailing date of this communicat (C) (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.			
Status								
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>31 May 2005</u>						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b	)⊠ This action is	non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-12</u> is/are pending i 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from	consideration.					
Application	on Papers							
10) 🔲 🗆	The specification is objected to by the I The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the coath or declaration is objected to be	a) accepted or on to the drawing (sine correction is required.	uired if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	` '			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority do  3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International	ocuments have be ocuments have be the priority documents at the priority documents.	een received. een received in Applicati ments have been receive ule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment	' '							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	)-048)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di					
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT No(s)/Mail Date	•		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/31/05 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Application/Control Number: 10/629,472

Art Unit: 1725

3. Claims 1, 3, and 5-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flemings et al (US '365).

Page 3

Flemings et al disclose a mold comprising a fixed mold (32) and a moveable mold (30) (fixed and movable mold as shown in conventional die in figure 1, wherein movable mold is on top moving along the rods) defining a cavity (26), when both molds are closed together, to be filled with molten metal, wherein the fixed mold (32) is provided with heating means (34) and the moveable mold is provided with cooling means (col. 2, line 66 to col. 3, lines 1-2), both of which are controlled by temperature control means, wherein the temperature variations in one cycle of the fixed and moveable sections are capable of individually controlled. The temperature control means is capable of controlling from 300 to 700 degrees C in the fixed mold, and also capable of controlling from solidifying to 0 degrees C in the movable mold (col. 3, lines 2-15). The temperature control means are capable of repeating the sequence of the temperature control.

Flemings et al fail to teach the moveable mold only has cooling means and the fixed mold only has the heating means.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to *only* have heaters in the fixed mold and coolers in the moveable mold, since Flemings et al teaches that the fixed mold is always at a higher temperature than the movable mold, since molten metal has to be kept at melting prior to be introduced into the mold cavity. Therefore, heaters on the movable mold are only for insulation Art Unit: 1725

purposes and not for solidifying of the liquid metal. The coolers on the movable molds are for solidifying the cast product.

4. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flemings et al (US '365), and further in view of Yamaguchi et al (US 6,460,596).

Both Flemings et al and Nakano disclose a fixed mold section is disposed on the injection side and the claimed invention above, but fail to teach ejector pins from the moveable section.

However, Yamaguchi et al disclose an ejector pin (15) on the moveable section (10) for the purpose of removing the product (cast article) upon solidification (col. 6, lines 6-9).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide ejector pins on the moveable section as taught by Yamaguchi et al, in Flemings et al and Nakano in order to release the cast product after solidification.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 5/31/05 have been fully considered but they are not 5. persuasive.

Art Unit: 1725

Applicant argues that there is nothing in Fleming that shows the die moving up or down. However, Examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant further argues that figures 2a-c of Fleming shows a vertical parting line. Examiner again respectfully disagrees. The parting line is clearly horizontal, since column 2, line 55-57, Fleming discloses an upper section (30) and a lower section (32). In addition, Fleming's apparatus is the improvement of the prior art in figure 1, which clearly shows moving up and down of the upper mold. Hence, the die casting apparatus has to have a horizontal parting line and *not* a vertical parting line as understood by applicant. Therefore, claims 1-3 are 5-12 remain rejected.

## Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Len Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1184. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/629,472 Page 6

Art Unit: 1725

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Len Tran

Examine

Art Unit 1725

July 3, 2005